pened the second day's general the Agricultural Appropriation our's speech, nominally in reply his colleague, Mr. Rainey, upon ons and oppressions of the watch which Mr. Rainey had used as an ray dealer, and Mr. Boutell's speech was in considerable part devoted to an excoriation dealer, who occupied a seat in the gallery and heard the not altogether pleasant characterization of himself indulged

In the latter part of his speech Mr. Bouall adverted to the charge made by Mr. Rainey, that certain watch companies were in a trust, and that the dealer referred to rchased abroad "thousands" of American which he reimported, and was sell here at a profit for less prices than were charged to domestic dealers. He submitted statements from the presidente of the companies named denying that their corporations were in a trust. Mr. Rainey-Did the gentleman expect

that they would admit it? Mr. Boutell - Well, my colleague must conede that there are honest men even in the

Mr. Rainey-That is what we thought out the beef packers in Chicago who

As to the claim that all the watches in ruestion had been exported and then reorted Mr. Boutell quoted the companies ficers to the effect that none of them had been exported, and that the prices quoted dealer netted him a profit in one ase as high as 171 per cent, and were no r than other dealers would charge. he reimported watches must necessarily very cheapest grades, gilt, not gold cases, one of the companies having exported but thirty-seven high priced ratches since 1901. There was no market in Europe for the better grades of American

Mr Boutell read a letter from the officers the Watchmakers' Union, Elgin, Ill., ransmitting a resolution of that body rotesting against any reduction or reoval of the duty on watches.

Mr. Williams—Has the gentleman pro-tests from any purchasers of watches? Mr. Boutell-I can only speak for my of This watch, [exhibiting it] which ourchased in 1874 for \$55, can now be pur-

Neither the Elgin National Watch Company the American Waltham Watch Company any trust. Neither of them in any other watch or watch in the United States, nor is any he stock of either held by any other com named by Mr. Rainey in his speech er of the companies has any watered or does either company pay excessive hich Mr. Rainey referred to as being used the Elgin company and the other b Waltham company, he has been entirely which they are used and the necessity for contracts, which differ sold chiefly to railroad employees 'railroad movements" do not ex-

ompanies. There are no contracts st of the product of either company empany at the urgent request of retail there generally throughout the country. easons given by the retail dealers were ld be sold at standard prices, because are largely sold upon the instalment lan and also with the obligation on the part

textremely low prices, and said:

Mr. Rainey did not call attention to the wement without a case, and that he does the cases. The evidence furnished me thows that, generally speaking, Mr. Keene idds to the price of the watchcases all that of a complete watch sold by Keene and com-pare it with the price of a reputable retail lustrate my point very clearly. The first two bills from Keene for complete watches nts in various styles of cases, with the have also an affidavit from the proprietor If the same entire watches in the ordinary ourse of husiness, from which it appears that the prices of A. C. Benedict & Co. for two of the watches are the same as those

M Keene and for three of the watches are much less than those of Keene, and in one Mr. Rainey asserted that all the watches Keene's store had been reimported from England. As a matter of fact, only a very high grade movements were ever so imported, most of them being bought in this country, shown by the following facts and by much ther evidence. In one or more of Mr. Keene's dvertisements it has been asserted that he mouth abroad within two years thousands Mall grades of Elgin watches, including the me jewel, and Elgin B. W. Raymond and Me five years not a single Elgin Veritas Tenty-three jewel or Elgin B. W. Raymond

been exported to Europe, and only thirtyof these six watches were sold in this aware never left this country. Mr Keene personally in the shape hist of watches bearing his name and fur-hed by him to the Waltham company m watches in this list, and as appears from

gravamen of Mr. Rainey's speech is plied charge that American watches by dealers at unreasonably large and Waltham watches is only 10 per and the retailer's profit is ordinarily ver 25 to 35 per cent., with a slightly ther hand, it is well known throughout rade that profits made by retail dealers

Most underwear shrinks and the shirts and drawers become short after washing.

We safeguard you against that. Not only are our yarns shrunk, but likewise the garments, so that all are absolutely unshrinkable when sold to you. Ask any first-class dealer for

"There is an old adage," he said in conclusion, "'See Naples and die.' I suggest another. New York is a much better place than Naples, much more worth seeing. I would say to all, especially to those who fall in with Keene of Broadway, of lower Broadway, 'See New York and live—live to forget it.' "[Laughter and applause.]

DEPEW AGAINST SMOOT. He Requests the Committee to Becord His

Vote Against the Utah Senator. WASHINGTON, April 26.—Senator Depew. committee that he desires to be recorded

who is a member of the Committee on Privileges and Elections, has notified the in favor of a resolution declaring vacant the seat of Senator Reed Smoot of Utah. There has been an interesting struggle between the Smoot and anti-Smoot factions for the past two weeks to reach the junior Senator from New York. Envoys representing the respective sides were sent to see him. Whether they reached the Senator in his retirement is not known. Both elements have claimed him until his notification to the committee to-day resolved the

The Committee on Privileges and Elections will meet at 10:30 to-morrow morning to consider the character of its report in the case of the Utah Senator. Chairman Burrows will present a resolution in the committee declaring that Senator Smoot is

disqualified and that his seat is vacant. The opponents of the Mormon Senator claim that all the Democrats in the comclaim that all the Democrats in the committee, with the possible exception of Senator Bailey, and at least three Republicans will support the Burrows report. This would insure seven or eight votes for exclusion out of a possible thirteen.

It is hardly likely that a vote will be taken in the committee to-morrow, but an effort will be made then to agree upon a day on which a vote may be taken.

It is understood that a minority report

which a vote may be taken.

It is understood that a minority report will be presented in Senator Smoot's favor, which will be signed by at least three and possibly as many as five Republican members of the committee. No determination has been reached as to who shall prepare this report, but the names of Senators Foraker of Ohio, Beveridge of Indiana and Dillingham of Vermont have been mentioned.

MORMON FOR POSTMASTER.

President Requests Senate Committee to Postpone Action on the Nomination. WASHINGTON, April 26.- The President requested the Senate to-day to postpone action on the nomination of Francis Winters, to be postmaster at Montpelier, Idaho, pending an investigation. Winters is a bishop in the Mormon church, and was recommended by Senator Heyburn and

Senator Dubois, the Democratic Senator from Idaho, protested to the President against the nominee because Winters was a Mormon. He declared that a gentile should be named. Mr. Dubois asserted that the Montpelier office was the only post office in Bear Lake county, Idaho, occupied by a gentile, Mormons filling all the others.

Postmaster Willeox Before House Com-

Washington, April 26.—Postmaster Will-cox of New York to-day appeared before the House Committee on Appropriations to urge a favorable report on the bill introduced by Representative Parsons, appropriating \$100,000 for improvements to propriating \$100,000 for improvements to the post office building in that city. The Parsons bill provides for the installation of an additional elevator in the New York Post Office, extensions of the mail plat-forms, repairs to the sidewalks around the building and other minor improve-ments. Postmaster Willcox returned to New York to-day.

Resolution of Thanks to Gen. Porter.

WASHINGTON, April 26.-William Alden Smith of Michigan to-day introduced in the House of Representatives a joint resolution reciting that "regarding with pride the achievements of their countryman, Horace Porter, the distinguished soldier, orator and diplomat, the thanks of the people of the United States are eminently due and are hereby tendered to him as a tribute to his extraordinary enterprise, diligence and fortitude in reclaiming the of America's first naval hero, John

Chicago Traction Companies Ask for

WASHINGTON, April 28 .- Counsel for the Chicago traction companies to-day filed a petition in the Supreme Court asking for a rehearing by the court of the cases recently decided against the validity of their ninety-nine year franchises. Rehearings, however, are seldom if ever granted by the

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- The officers of the French fleet which is lying off Annapolis were taken to Mount Vernon to-day on the despatch boat Dolphin. This is the last event on the Navy Department programme of entertainment for the visitors.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 26.-These army order Capt. Julius N. Kilian, Commissary, to San Fran-Order relating to Capt. Frank H. Lawton. Com-missary. revoked. and Capt. Lawson will proceed at once to San Francisco. Capt. Mock K. Cunningham, Signal Corps. to Fort Omaha. Order relating to Second Lieut. Albert L. Rhoades Artillery Corps. revoked. Major Edward Burr. Corps of Engineers, to Bos-ton. relieving Col. William S. Stanton, Corps of Engineers.

Engineers.
Capt. Bertram T. Clayton, Quartermaster, to relieve Major George W. Ruthers. Commissary, from duty as purchasing commissary at New Orleans. Major Ruthers will proceed to Denver. Capt. G. Maury Craile. Tenth Infantry, from Fort Lawton to Seattle, Wash.

These naval orders were issued:
Ensign R. C. Davis, from hospital, Mare Island,
to home.
Midshipman O. C. F. Dodge, from hospital, New
York, and one month's siek leave.
Surgeon F. J. B. Cordeire, from Naval Hospital,
New Tork, to Washington for examination; then
home and wait orders.
Passed Assistant Surgeon R. E. Hayt, from
Naval Academy, Annapolis, to the Newark.
Assistant Surgeon E. U. Reed, to the Charleston
Pay Inspector T. S. Jewett from duty as commissary officer on the Ohlo and continue other
duties.

duties,
Assistant Paymaster F. T. Foawell and Assistant
Paymaster J. E. McDonald, from navy yard, Washington, to Asiatic Station.
Lieutenant-Commander G. W. McElroy, from
Yokohama to home. Lieut. J. E. Walker, to the
Wisconsin.
First Lieut. R. B. Creecy, from Yokohama to
the Monadnock.

Your Choice of the Four Most Popular Overcoats



They must pay the penalty of popularity in the way of liberal price concession. It's our way of doing things when overcoats sell so well that there are only small lots left of each-you

Reduced from \$25, \$22 and \$20

The Paddocks on Sale at \$18 are graceful, manly garments of rich black thibets—full 52 inches long.

The New Ultra Chesterfields on Sale at \$18 are of smart velour-finished gray cassi-meres in various weaves. These over-coats define the form to the waist line, flare out over hips, deep centre vents, self or velvet collars.

The Silk-Lined Black Overcoats on Sale at \$18 are medium-length models of rich, soft-feeling black thibet, silk lined throughout to edge of lapels. The Cravenettes on Sale at \$18 are of hard-finished gray worsteds cut in the 52-inch long loose style.

BIG TIM VISITS WASHINGTON

HIS FIRST APPEARANCE SINCE THE SESSION OPENED.

Albany-Refused to Occupy His Seat.

WASHINGTON, April 26.-The Hon. Timothy D. Sullivan, member of Congress from the Eighth district of New York, left his legislative duties at Albany yesterday and came down to Washington, where the members of Congress, of whom he is one, are in This is the first time that the member from "de Ate" has honored the the opening day of the session, now nearly five months past. Even the galloping of the ponies at Bennings recently was not a sufficient attraction to lure him here from

When the vote on the Statehood bill was about to be taken and the Democrats and insurgents were endeavoring to their determined effort was made to bring Mr. Sullivan to Washington in order that his vote might be recorded against the union him, but Mr. Sullivan found it impossible to abandon his legislative duties at the New York State Capitol. Consequently Washington saw him not, and there was a painful ilence in response to the clerk's call of his

name upon that measure. Naturally there was much curiosity and not a little wonder manifested when Mr with his able alternate, the Hon. Billy Watson of Tammany Hall and the House of Representatives, was seen entering a Capitol elevator this morning. Investigation developed the fact that the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Meas-Representative French of Idaho, neither ures was to meet to-day for the purpose of taking a vote on the bill to establish the after July 1, 1907. When the Speaker was making up his committee assignments last December, with his usual care and discretion and with due regard for the fitness on that committee.

Mr. Sullivan is an earnest advocate of the plan to abolish the antiquated system of measuring things by the old fashioned method of feet and inches, pounds and gallons and bushels, and he believes that we should substitute therefor the decimal system. He would break into smithereens the yardstick of the forefathers, he would abolish the peck measure of the corncrit and the wheat bin, while the gallon can would have no place in the order of thing he would establish. He would have the denizens of the East Side rush the growle

he would establish. He would have the denizens of the East Side rush the growler for a litre of beer, buy their beefsteak by the kilogram and compel all the belles of Avenue A to purchase their organdies and challies by the metre.

Unfortunately the committee did not reach a vote to-day, and Mr. Sullivan in his anxiety to vote for the measure was obliged to remain in Washington until tomorrow. But to show his disdain for the House Mr. Sullivan refused to go on the floor, and the seat which has been vacant since the opening day was still vacant to-day. Not even the knowledge that Mr. Sulzer was to deliver himself of an attack upon the ship subsidy bill was sufficient to induce him to go on the floor and listen to the debate. After the committee meeting was over he betook himself to more agreeable quarters downtown. Mr. Sullivan informed some of the members of the committee who talked with him that he did not like Congress and that he did not intend to be a candidate for reelection. He was more fascinated with Albany, where there is "something doing." He was more fascinated with Albany, where

He was more fascinated with Albany, where there is "something doing."

It should not be undersood, however, that the duties of the member from "de Ate" are neglected during his enforced absence attending to his legislative duties at Albany. His affairs are most diligently looked after by his alternate, the Hon. Billy Watson of Tammany Hall and the House of Representatives. During his absence Mr. Sullivan is recorded as having introduced forty-five bills, all of them of a private character, pensions for old veterans, claims for those to whom the old veterans, claims for those to whom the Government is in debt and the like, and each one of these receives the careful attention of his invaluable alternate, the Hon. Billy Watson of Tammany Hall

Fixing Punishment of Hazing Midshipmen.

parte has approved a recommendation of Rear Admiral Sands, Superintendent o the Naval Academy, disposing of the cases of Midshipmen Hayes, Roberts and Garcelon, who were charged with hazing. The three midshipmen, since the graduation of their class in February, have been confined to the Academy grounds. In accordance with the Secretary's action Midshipman Hayes will be reduced twenty numbers in his class, Midshipman Roberts ten numbers and Midshipman Garcelon will be put at the foot of his class, which corresponds to a reduction of twenty-two numbers. All

of the Navy has written Chairman Hale of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs and to Chairman Foss of the House Naval Committee asking for an appropriation of \$135,000 for the construction of the crypt in the chapel of the Naval Academy in which the remains of John Paul Jones will

WASHINGTON, April 28.-The President to-day sent to the Senate the nomination of

SPOONER REPLIES TO BAILEY He Argues That Congress Cannot Limit the Powers of Federal Courts.

WASHINGTON, April 26.-Senator Spooner of Wisconsin occupied nearly three hours of the session of the Senate to-day replying Anxious to Vote in His Committee in Favor of the Metric System That He Abandoned His Legislative Duties at Albany—Refused to Occupy His Seat. Federal courts in their exercise of the power of injunction. He urged that if Congress could control the powers of the court then the judiciary would cease to be an independent and coordinate branch of the Government, but would be a dependent body, subject to the will of Correspondent.

ment, but would be a dependent body, subject to the will of Congress.

The first interruption of Mr. Spooner's speech came from Mr. Bailey. Mr. Spooner was quoting from an ancient opinion by Justice Johnson of the United States Supreme Court, distinguishing between judicial powers and jurisdiction, when Mr. Bailey suggested that we had a more recent case of interference with the powers of the courts. Anticipating Mr. Bailey, the Wisconsin Senator waved his hand deprecatingly, but Mr. Bailey continued and referred to the President's message criticising the

the President's message criticising the opinion of Judge Humphrey.
"Does the Senator from Texas claim jurisdiction to ask me that?" inquired Mr.

jurisdiction to ask me that?" inquired Mr. Spooner. "And require me to answer?"
"No, but I claim judicial power to ask the question," replied Mr. Bailey amid laughter.
Mr. Spooner said he had always stood against interference with the judiciary either by Congress or by the Executive.
"I believe," said he, "in maintaining the distinction between the three coordinate branches of the Government." ranches of the Government

CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY. Six Additional Members of the Board of

Trustees-Finances in Good Shape. washington, April 28.—Announcement has just been made of the appointment of six additional ecclesiastical members of the board of trustees of the Catholic University of America. Archbishop Messmer of Milwaukee and Archbishop Glennon of St. Louis, who are here, are two of the new trustees. The names of the four others are withheld until they have been officially notified of their activations.

notified of their appointments.

The report of the treasury of the university, just made public, shows that the institution's finances are in splendid shape. nted by investments outside of the grounds

The resignation of Dr. Charles P. Grannan as vice-rector has been accepted, as it was found that the duties devolving upon him as vice-rector and professor of scripture

Movements of Naval Vessels

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- The battleships Kearsarge and Missouri have arrived at Rearsarge and Missouri have arrived at Guantanamo; the cruiser West Virginia at Tompkinsville, the despatch boat Dolphin at Washington, the collier Marcellus at Norfolk, and the tug Nina at Newport.

The tug Tecumseh has sailed from Annapolis for Washington; the destroyers Hopkins. Lawrence and Macdonough from Key West for Philadelphia, and the destroyers Truxtun, Worden and Stewart from stroyers Truxtun, Worden and Stewart from Key West for Norfolk.

Navy Captains to Be Examined for Pro-

motion. board consisting of Rear Admirals J. P. Coghlan, P. F. Harrington and F. W. Dickins to-day examined Capt. C. S. Sperry, president of the Naval War College at Newport, and Capt. R. M. S. Mackenzie, inspector of the Third Lighthouse district, New York, for promotion to the rank of Rear Admiral.

Alaska's Delegate to Get \$5,000 Salar; and \$1,500 Expense Money.

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- The House of Representatives to-day adopted the conference report on the bill to provide for the election of a delegate to Congress from the Territory of Alaska. He is to receive a salary of \$5,000 a year and \$1,500 in lieu of all other allowances except clerk hire.

New Japanese Ambassador Presented to Secretary Root

WASHINGTON, April 26.-Viscount Acki, the new Japanese Ambassador, was presented to Secretary Root to-day at the State Department by Eki Hioki, the Chargé

SAVED BY UNBORN CHILD. Fine Only for Woman Whose Daughter Tells of Shoplifting.

Mrs. Alice Gorsh of 7171/2 South Four-teenth street, Newark, N. J., was tried in Special Sessions yesterday for stealing a \$2.98 dress in a Fourteenth street department store on April 21! She escaped a term of imprisonment as Justice Olm-stead decided that the State would be

better off without a birth in prison.

Mrs. Gorsh had a two-yeer-old child in her arms when arrested. Her daughter, Annie, 12 years old, did the actual shop-lifting. Annie was also in court yesterday. lifting. Annie was also in court yesterday.

"Mother was sitting on a bench near
me," the little girl told the Court, "and I
took the dress over to her and said: 'Mamma,
isn't this a pretty dress?' She said: 'No,

isn't this a pretty dress?' She said: 'No, I'll get you a better one than that.' Then she put it in her bag."

Mrs. Gorsh fainted in court. Her husband, Isaac Gorsh, was with her, quite broken up. Justice Olmstead fined the woman \$50. The children will be taken by the children's societies, those of New York and Newark cooperating.

John Martin of 129 Cumberland street Henry Coles of 343 Myrtle avenue, Charles Boyle and Thomas J. Wilson all pleaded guilty yesterday to making handbooks on races, and Judge Aspinall in the County Court, Brooklyn, remanded them for sen-tence on Monday.

What We Offer In Boys' Clothing

Distinct Styles, Faultless Fit, Perfect Tailoring, Durable Fabrics, Originality, Appropriateness, Widest Variety, Lowest Prices.

Our Name Guarantees the Quality.

60-62 West 23d Street.

MAYOR SIGNS ELSBERG BILL.

FINDS MORE GOOD IN IT THAN BAD AND WANTS THE GOOD.

Does Not Believe Limitation of Subway Leases to 20 Years With a 20 Year Renewal Will Keep Out Capital, but if

It Does Legislature Will Sit Next Year Mayor McClellan signed the Elsberg Rapid Transit bill yesterday. Its principal features are that operating contracts for future subways shall be limited to twenty years with one twenty year renewal; that the Rapid Transit Commission may separate building and operating contracts; that a contract for both the building and operation shall not be let to one bidder without the assent of the Board of Estimate, and further that vacancies in the commission shall be filled by the Mayor, which destroys the self-perpetuating power hitherto held

The principal objection to the bill has been that the short term lease would prevent the investment of private capital in the new subways. In a memorandum accompanying his approval of the bill the

Mayor says upon this point: I fail to see any substantial reason for be lieving that this limitation will have such an rated in the new Greater New York charter provision to the effect that in the future public streets should be granted for a longer ere of one renewal of twenty-five years in who believed that such a restriction would prohibit the building of future surface or elevated roads within the city limits, but their fears proved to be unfounded. Within the past nine years many applications have been

made by various corporations for franchise rights under this law. The concession for the newly built under ground road in Paris, known as the "Metropolitan Railway," was offered for a term of thirty-five years with no privilege of renewal. The city agreed to excavate and build the roadbed itself, but the lessee was obliged to lay the rails, construct the stations and equip the road. There were six bidders for the privilege, and according to the latest reports the investment has been found to ne a most profitable one

If enterprises such as these have attracted responsible investors it cannot be said that a forty year lease of an underground road in the city of New York would prove wholly ininviting to private capital. I say a forty years lease advisedly, for I do not regard wenty year lease with the privilege of a reing to nothing more than a naked lease for

The Mayor points out that the contracts for the new subways will not be ready to be advertised until the end of the year and that if it shall be found that the bill tends to drive away private capital and the city is not able to build and operate the roads itself than an application can be made to the next Legislature for an amendment of the law. The Mayor con-

If the bill becomes a law the city may gain On the other hand, if I should refuse to accept the bill I should be responsible for depriving the city of certain conceded advantages and for denying it any relief from the terms and conditions of the present law. Under these circumstances my duty is plain, and I

ALUMNI OF ST. PAUL'S Meet the New Rector and Are Addressed by Bishop Mackay Smith.

At a meeting at Sherry's last night of the alumni of St. Paul's School, Concord, Bishop Mackay Smith of Pennsylvania introduced the new rector of the school, the Rev. Henry Ferguson, and paid a tribute to his predecessors, Dr. Henry Coit and the late Dr. Joseph H. Coit. He spoke of the respect in which the boys held Dr. Henry Coit in the old days, and said as an instance that he remembered an occasion when the school actually silenced a troublesome boy by threatening to duck him under the pump for speaking disrespectfully to the doctor. Dr. Ferguson, the new rector, was warmly receved by the alumni. He spoke of the financial needs of the school. "While I am in sympathy with the plan now on foot to form a permanent endowment fund," he said, "I expect apart from this to call upon the alumni to bear their part in de-

raying such expenditures as the school must shortly face."

Malcolm R. Gordon gave a talk dealing with school activities, illustrated by steretion, and explained the system of intercibulate at St. Paul's consist mainly of Athletics at St. Paul's consist mainly of contacts between organizations within the contests between organizations within the school. These bring the efforts of a majority of the boys into play, instead of restricting active participation in sports to a small body of picked men. This system is substantially that which Columbia University has recently thought of adopting.

WALTHAM WATCHES.

There are a number of watchmaking concerns in America and Europe, but only one that can make Waltham Watches.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, free upon request.

AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCH COMPANY, WALTHAM, MASS.

HIS WIFE CUT OFF.

band's Will-Says He Had Paresis. Brooklyn yesterday by his widow, Harriet B. Waite, who intends to contest it, as she has been cut off without a cent. Mr. Waite died on March 29. The amount of the estate is not given. The will is dated May 23, 1900. The testator requests his executors to divide the estate into fifteen parts. Four parts are bequeathed to his son Robert N. Waite, Jr.; four to his son Guy V. Waite, four to his sister Sophia L. Waite, and the three remaining shares

equally divided between his daughters. Helen M. Paulding and Isabelle G. McKee. The testator says he made no bequests to his daughters Florence E. Freund of Manhattan and Lillian De Neuville of Frank-fort-on-the-Main "because of their un-dutiful and unfilial conduct." The clause affecting his wife reads as

I have purposely omitted making any equest in this, my will, to my wife Harriet Waite, prior to such marriage known Harriet S. Bond, and I do not wish her to have anything to do with my affairs or my death or to benefit in any manner from titled to at the time of my decease. Since my marriage to her I discovered that she had led an immoral life since early womanhad led an immoral life since early woman-hood and had been divorced by two former husbands on the ground of her adultary, and our living together, by reason of her unprincipled untruthful and treacherous character, has been inharmonious most of the time, leading to separations of long periods.

The testator adds that as she owns property in Jersey City and New Hampshire she is well provided for.

Mrs. Waite says she will contest the will on the ground that the testator was suffering from paresis and was incompetent to make a will.

\$10,900 for St. Vincent de Paul Society. The will of John Goodwin, who died on Sunday last at his home, 315 West 103d street, filed for probate yesterday, contains a bequest of \$10,000 to the Society of St. Vincent de Paul. The residuary estate goes to the widow, Mary E. Goodwin, and three

PIER LEASES TO BE LOWER To Steamship Companies, for Which Other Ports Are Bidding

The Sinking Fund Commission after considering yesterday what rentals shall be charged for the new piers in the Chelsea improvement area decided to leave the matter to a special commission. The commission is aware that unless the leases are attractive to the companies there is a likelihood of the diversion of maritime traffic to other ports. The special commission will also have the power to revise the terms of the existing leases. The commission will consist of President McGowan of the Board of Aldermen, Comptroller Metz, Dock Commissioner Bensel and a representative of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Mari-

time Association.
"If New York is to maintain its preeminence as a passenger port of entry Commissioner Bensel said to the boar "the steamship companies must be treated fairly and liberally. Boston is charging nothing for wharfage, and in New Orleans the charges are merely nominal. This the charges are merely nominal. This city cannot hold its own if we continue to drive the steamship companies to other ports by excessive charges."

"The Commissioner is right," said Mr.

"The Commissioner is right," said Mr. Metz, "and we must act at once if we are to save New York's supremacy. I know that ports on the Atlantic coast are drawing a great deal of traffic away from this port because of the inducements offered to the shipping company.

LEAPED FROM FERRYBOAT.

Mrs. Annie Moore, 49 years old, of Freeport, L. I., is in St. John's Hospital, Long Island City, suffering from the effects of shock and exposure resulting from a jump into the East River from a ferryboat yesterday afternoon. At the hospital it is said that the woman appears to be a victim of melancholia. Her condition is serious. She was rescued from the river by a deck-

hand, assisted by two policemen. Mrs. Moore reached Long Island City by train from Freeport about 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and boarded the ferry boat Rockaway for Manhattan. After the boat had left the slip and was getting out into the stream the woman jumped from her seat in the cabin, rushed out on the after deck and before any one could stop her, climbed the rail and plunged into the

The woman floated away from the Rockaway, but was carried in the direction of the ferryboat Sag Harbor, which was approaching the slip from Manhattan. Among her passengers were Policeman Bernard Starkey of the Seventy-fifth precinct and Policeman John Kennell of the Twenty-fourth precinct. The two policemen and James Burns, a deckhand of the Sag Harbor, made preparations to save the woman. Burns got a ladder and a rope and made a notes in the latter. The captain of the noose in the latter. The captain of the Sag Harbor ran the boat close to the woman. Sag Marbor ran the loat close to the woman. The two policemen lowered the ladder down the side and Burns descended it, rope in hand. Just as the woman was reached Burns managed to grab hold of her skirt. The cloth tore, but in a second attempt be succeeded in getting the loop under her arms.

While the policeman held the ladder Burns raised the woman from the water, and soon she and he were pulled aboard. Miss Ellis of Elm avenue, Astoria, who is

a trained nurse, revived the woman before the boat reached the slip.

Dr. Schweikert of the hospital said later that the only information he could get from the woman was that she was 49 years old, was married and had two children, both married, one of whom lives in this city and the other in Freeport. He said that she was suffering chiefly from shock and exposure, but that she might not re-. From her talk and general appear-the doctor reached the conclusion

that she was also suffering from melan-cholia caused by the knowledge that she is suffering from cancer. As the Lackawanna Railroad ferryboat

As the Lackawanns Railroad ferryboat Hoboken was pulling out of the Fourteenth street slip in Hoboken at 3:50 o'clock yesterday morning a middle aged stout man climbed over the forward rail and dived overboard. The Hoboken backed toward the slip and deck hands looked for the suicide, but couldn't find him. The man had gray hair and a grayish mustache. He wore a black suit.

FREFORT. L. I., April 26.—There are several families named Moore in Freeport, but nothing could be learned from any of them leading to the identification of the Annie Moore who attempted suicide. William Moore, a saloon keeper, said that some time ago a letter addressed to Annie Moore was left at his place, but as he did not know such a woman, he returned the letter to the post office. What was done with the letter could not be learned to-night. Moore

Senate Passes Mare Island Bill

WASHINGTON, April 26 .- A bill approoristing \$300,000 to carry out President Roosevelt's recommendations for the emplayment of additional laborers and mechanics at the San Francisco navy yard was to-day favorably reported to the Senate from the Committee on Naval Affairs. The appropriation is to be immediately avail-able.